

The Chauvin Chronicle

AN INDEPENDENT WEEKLY NEWSPAPER CIRCULATING THROUGHOUT
ARTLAND, CHAUVIN, EDGERTON, RIBSTONE, MERTON, SIFTON, AND MANITOU LAKE

VOL. 9; NO. 467

CHAUVIN, ALBERTA WEDNESDAY, MAY 16th., 1923

\$2.00 per year, in advance

WAR MEMORIAL BEING ERECTED

Considerable progress has been made with the erection of the Great War Memorial at Chauvin. The concrete base and columns having been placed in position. Two machine guns are to be mounted thereupon.

In the centre of the colonnade an urn has been planted, which contains the following message:—

GREAT WAR VETERANS ASSOCIATION

CHAUVIN, ALBERTA
May 12th 1923

THIS MEMORIAL is erected by the Chauvin Branch of the Great War Veterans' Association of Canada, to keep in remembrance the comrades who fell in the Great European War 1914-19-18.

This box contains the current issue of the Chauvin Chronicle (the local weekly newspaper); the Edmonton Bulletin (daily); the Edmonton Journal (daily); and one bottle of wine.

Contractor: G. Goede,
Construction Engineer, F. R. Stevens

EDGERTON ACTORS HIGHLY TALENTED

Dramatic talent of the highest order was displayed by a troupe of players from Edgerton, who favored Chauvin with a visit last Friday evening, and presented a three act play entitled "It Pays to Advertise". Interest was well sustained from the opening episode clear through the three acts to the final climax, and never has a Chauvin audience more keenly enjoyed the pleasures of the drama.

Each member of the visiting company filled their part in a most artistic manner, and no weakness, either of actor or plot, appeared during the entire performance.

The following is a list of the cast: Mary Grayson—Miss V. Wheeler; Johnson—C. Murray; Comtesse de Beaurien—Miss A. Morrow; Rodney Martin—Mr. W. M. Spornitz; Cyrus Martin—Mr. N. Davidson; Ambrose Peale—Mr. J. W. Kennedy; Marie—Miss Jean Smith; William Smith—Mr. P. T. M. Milne; Miss Burke—Mrs. E. M. Gorton; Donald McChesney—Mr. H. Spornitz; Ellery Clark—Mr. A. Morrow; Charles Bronson—E. W. Spornitz.

Many charming dresses were worn in this play by the lady members.

A very complete outfit of scenery and stage effects proved a good setting for the incidents of the play.

After the floor had been cleared, a dance was given, at which the music rendered by the Edgerton Orchestra was greatly enjoyed. Dancing was kept up till the wee small hours, it being daylight before some arrived home. The visiting orchestra was composed of the following personnel:

Mrs. E. W. Spornitz, Miss Smalley, Mr. E. W. Spornitz, Mr. R. H. Hulland, Mr. R. K. Edmonds.

Alberta Exhibit In Britain

There will be an exhibit from Alberta, at the empire exhibition in London in 1924, it is announced by Hon. George Hoadley. No exhibiting will be done this year, but preparations will be made for the British exposition.

J. R. LOVE, M.L.A. SPEAKS AT LENGTH IN BUDGET DEBATE

(Continued from Last Week.)

Just prior to the outbreak of war, there was every indication in this country, of an impending period of deflation, which is the natural consequence following an intensive period of speculation in land. Had deflation taken its natural course its influence would have been keenly felt by every tax payer in the Province of Alberta. However the war intervened, and not only prolonged the time for deflation but carried the province to undreamed of heights of inflation. The cry of "More Production" spread over the country as prices and values rose higher and higher. Public opinion governments and financial institutions were led away by the spirit of optimism and enthusiasm. Credit was easily obtained and was used to the limit. This intense wave of prosperity stimulated by borrowed capital was caused by the war and its demands. When the cause was removed the prosperity which it created could not continue. The crash came like a bolt from the blue. Loans contracted when prices were abnormally high, had to be liquidated when they were low. The man on the farm was hit first and hardest. The more production campaign directed its attention to the man on the land. During the war he who served overseas, and he who produced to the limit at home were considered the most patriotic. Yet those who served their country most, are suffering most in their country today. The returned man from unemployment and the farmer from lack of markets. Thus just as every citizen in Alberta prospered when the agricultural industry flourished during the war so every citizen is feeling the pinch now when the agricultural industry is suffering.

Must Cease Borrowing

As a people we cannot go on spending money lavishly on public services, when we haven't the money to spend. The day has come when we can no longer as a government, give the people what they want, but only what they need, in the way of public services. The people must get away from the idea of borrowing money and be willing to pay for the public services they demand. The individual citizen realizes today that borrowed money is too often a curse and a liability, unless he has the means and ability to use it wisely and properly. So a debt incurred by a young and vigorous country to procure productive capital, is only justified just so long as that country has productive natural resources, a good supply of labor, and remunerative markets for its products.

Attitude of Eastern Canada Towards The West

The financial and political policies, of Eastern Canada in regard to the West have too often been guided by motives, which are not founded on the principles, so often enunciated in this house by the leader of the opposition, the principles of British justice and fair dealing.

The West for example has always wanted railways whether it needed them or not. Eastern Canada has sanctioned the building of two transcontinental Railways in the past twenty years on borrowed money. When these Railways were built Eastern interests as well as ourselves had visions of a continuous flood of emigrants, coming into this western country and creating for the East the one thing it needed, namely, a great home market for Canadian products made in Eastern Canada.

The flood of immigration was only a dream, for the population of Western Canada did not increase as was expected. The one thing Western Canada needed then, and needs today is wider markets. Western Canada needed the influence and co-operation of Eastern Canada, to help her place her surplus products on the world's markets. The natural outlet for much of her surplus products was through the door to the South. However Eastern Canada with its selfish desire to control the West waved the flag of patriotism, and the door of reciprocity was closed to the Western farmer. Since that day Western Canada ceased to be attractive to the immigrant and

new settler.

Cost of Transportation.

Transportation facilities, which were built to meet the needs of a vast and growing population have proved to be a tremendous burden on the people of Western Canada. The maintenance and operation of such a vast system of Railways for such a small population has made the cost of transportation so high, that freight charges very nearly swallow up all the profit of the Western farmer. Apart from the Canadian Pacific Railway, private corporations have found the railway burden of western Canada too great to bear.

The Canadian Government was forced to assume the responsibility and took over the Canadian Northern Railway and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and organized them under the name of the Canadian National Railways. In spite of the most careful economy it is reported that the deficit for last year on the Canadian National Railways is about 60,000,000 dollars. Immigration and increased population are the only factors that will solve the cost of transportation and the railway problem of Western Canada.

Problem of Markets

Eastern Canada must realize that immigration is not merely a problem of finding cheap land for new settlers, but is also the problem of finding markets for the settler's products.

For example, take the question of coal. We have coal in Alberta, we have the miners to mine it, and we have, or can get, the capital to develop the industry, but all those factors are of no avail without a good market. In Ontario there is the prospect of a good market, a market which buys millions of dollars worth of coal annually from the United States. At the same time Ontario's share of last year's debt on the Canadian National Railway in proportion to her population was 20,000,000 dollars. A few hundred thousand tons of Alberta coal would have reduced to some, at least, the railway debt of Canada, and might have put a few extra million dollars in circulation in the Province of Alberta.

Or again take the Dairy industry. Alberta has a country and climate suitable for dairying purposes. She has the dairyman and the cows. All that was needed was a remunerative market. That market was not determined so much by freight charges, as by lack of quality. By legislation and other means, she produced the necessary quality and is now able to find a remunerative market for her dairy products.

The great problem confronting the people of this province today is to find profitable markets for Alberta products. Every effort possible, both by legislative and co-operative means, should be used to solve this urgent need. I believe that through co-operation, aided by legislation, we can find these markets.

Co-operative Marketing

Before we can taste the fruits of co-operative marketing, we must clearly realize the cost and the sacrifice that must be made. The farmer will no longer be able to enjoy the freedom of buying and selling as he chooses. The spirit of independence has too long dominated the farmer of Western Canada. While others organize to buy his products, and he remains unorganized, he cannot hope for much improvement. Too long the farmer has followed the wide and broad road which leads to failure in an organized business world.

Co-operation and organization is a straight and narrow path, but those who have followed it, have found success. This is the road that led the farmers of Denmark from a state of poverty, to be among the most prosperous people in the world. It means faith in organization, trust in co-operation, and confidence in executive and business leadership. Unless farmers of Alberta are willing to give up free and independent dealing there is little hope of solving the problem of markets so far as it concerns the farmer. It is my firm conviction that the present period of depression and hard times will turn out to be the greatest blessing that has ever come to the farmers of Western Canada.

It is only during such times as these that we realize the vital necessity of finding and adopting new methods of marketing our products. When we find remunerative markets, as I feel

we are bound to do, and people can make a profitable living in this province, immigration of both capital and labor is sure to follow. When that time comes, prosperity will return to this country, and with our great natural resources waiting to be developed, Alberta is bound to become one of the richest provinces in the Dominion of Canada.

The Duty of the Government

In the meantime, it is the duty of this government, to make the burden of taxation, as light as possible on the taxpayers of the province. Some members opposite may be surprised when it appears that taxation is being increased rather than lowered. However, that depends entirely on the amount of expenditure that is absolutely necessary and which if decreased further, would endanger the safety and welfare of the people of the province. If, to meet that necessary expenditure, it is necessary to find other means of taxation, then I say that the state is justified in doing so provided the new forms of taxation are just.

It seems to me, that the question which the government must decide, is just what public services are absolutely necessary and what services can be dispensed with, or curtailed. As I said at the beginning of my remarks, we cannot follow too closely the voice of public opinion, nor the wishes of human nature. We must in the final analysis, base our decision on the fundamental principles, underlying the duties of government.

The Expansion of Public Services

Now what are the indispensable functions of a provincial government? Our province is not yet twenty years old, but in the short life that it has had thus far, we have seen the economic separations of the functions of government increasing with the growing perplexity of the modern state. We started in 1905 with half the present population and with six separate departments of government. Today, with only a population doubled we have nine separate governmental departments, with the hope of a department of Natural Resources, in the near future. The duties of a provincial government are becoming more numerous year after year. With new inventions and new scientific discoveries, the machinery of government becomes more elaborate and more costly. Thus without a rapidly increasing population, the burden of taxation necessary to meet the growing expenditures, incurred for the common good, becomes greater and greater on the individual taxpayer.

The result has been a growing tendency on the part of modern governments to raise revenue by loans. A loan merely implies deferred taxation with interest.

What has been the cause of this enormous expansion of public services? I believe one of the main factors in this rapid expansion, has been the socialistic conception of the paternal rule of the state, and a tendency to regard the state, as the chief force in expanding and consolidating national life.

Private Enterprise versus Government Control.

The question often arises these days as to just how far government control can supplant private enterprise with advantage to the people. Private enterprise seeks to increase wealth as a source of profit and its expenditure is regulated by its income. In the case of government ownership and control, the revenue demand is fixed by the amount of expenditure determined upon in advance and thus arises opportunities for extravagance.

At times, taxation may be called upon to meet the outlay upon projects or schemes which are the fads of a party temporarily in office. At other times, taxation is called upon to gratify popular sentiments, or public opinion, which has not counted on the ultimate cost of its demands. In deciding upon any extension of the functions of government, it is necessary to balance the advantages of increased efficiency to be gained thereby, against the effect of increased taxation upon the people.

We have reached a stage in the history of Alberta, when we can well afford to consider just what are the functions of a provincial government, and just what public services can be curtailed or eliminated.

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SUDDEN DEATH OF MRS. G. SNELL

Whilst preparing supper last Saturday evening, Mrs. G. Snell was suddenly taken sick, and within two minutes had died from heart failure.

The deceased is sixty-four years of age, and is survived by her husband and five children. She was a sister of Mr. Spence.

CHAUVIN VILLAGE COUNCIL MEETING

The council of the Village of Chauvin held their regular monthly council meeting Monday evening, May 7th in the office of H. N. Freeman, sec-treas. Reeve A. E. Keith presiding, Councillors Forryan and McCluskey present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

The following accounts were passed for payment:

G.T.P. Rly, on Lot 26-5	\$25.00
E. W. Atkins (stamps)	5.00
Chauvin Chronicle (printing)	12.00
J. Roe (Fire account)	1.00
W. Cahill (dray)	1.00
H. N. Freeman, (Telegrams)	3.15

An account from Eddie Cry for \$1 was tabled for further information.

Moved: That the Secretary write the Dept. of Municipal Affairs re Hawkers and Peddlars licenses, in the matter of pedlars of meats, fruits, fish and farm produce within the limits of the village. Carried.

Dr. Folkins bill of Public Health was ordered tabled.

R. Stevens waited upon the Council as deputation from the Chauvin Great War Veterans Association, re erecting a memorial of the Great War in the centre of intersection of Main Street and Second Avenue. Size of the memorial four by six and half feet.

Moved by Councillors Forryan—McCluskey that the Chauvin G.W.V.A. be granted permission to erect the structure according to the plans. Carried.

Communications: From the Provincial Board of Health giving reports of the sanitary condition of the Village: From the Dept of Municipal Affairs re Poundkeepers Act. Communications ordered filed.

Moved and passed that the Council engage Frank Davignon as constable for six months at \$5.00 per month; to collect licenses, and to look after refuse and sidewalks.

The Council set apart the week of May 14th to 19th inclusive as clean-up week.

Moved and passed that the rate of assessment for 1923 be eight mills on the dollar.

The Council adjourned.

MOVING PICTURES AT EDGERTON AND CHAUVIN

All those who have attended the moving pictures now being shown at Chauvin and Edgerton by Mr. Williams of Provost have a good word for the new enterprise. There was a much larger crowd present at the second show than the first, and a good full program of interesting pictures were shown.

You may lead a fool to talk, but you cannot make him think.

It is often a good thing for a man's peace of mind that he should know what other people know about him.

"Did you know over a new leaf?" "Yes, but it was a fly-leaf and it in 'Who's Who.'"

Genius: "They talk of putting me in 'Who's Who.'"

Many a man has discovered that the bond of matrimony is a pretty tight one.

Any funny story will bring the face of a woman with pretty teeth.



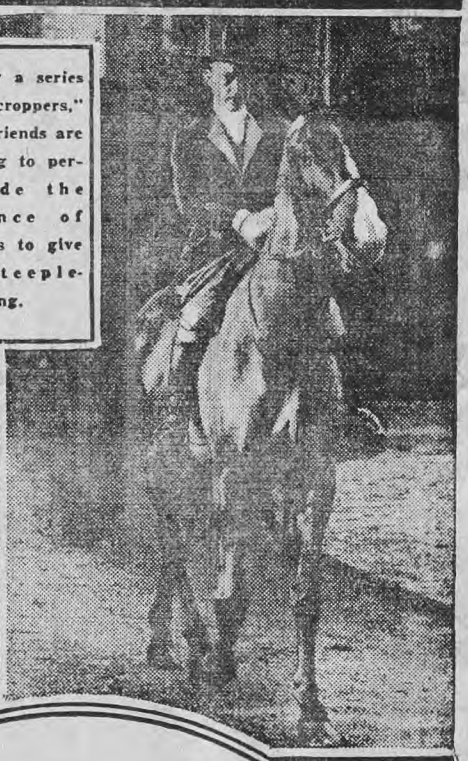
Isaac Walton's cottage near Stafford, England, is being transformed into a memorial, efforts to obtain possession for transhipment to the United States having failed.



Princess Hermine von Schönaich-Caralath, wife of the ex-Emperor of Germany, who is reported to have left her husband and returned to one of her own estates.



A view of the beautiful Lake of the Woods district where the Canadian Pacific is building one of its new Bungalow Camps.



After a series of "croppers," his friends are trying to persuade the Prince of Wales to give up Steeple-chasing.



The Canadian Pacific Steamer "Montlaurier," making her first appearance on the trans-Atlantic route will be the largest ship in the mono-class service.



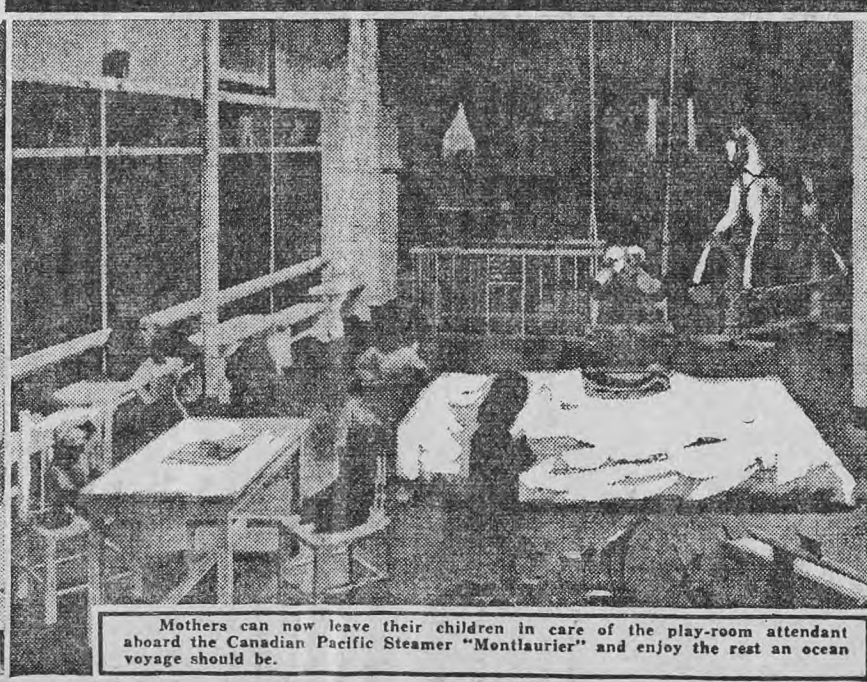
This Red Billed Toucan from Cayenne is on friendly terms with a young admirer at the London Zoo.



"Top Notch," a brahma cockerel, won first prize at the last New York poultry show.



Trackless tramcars have proved so successful in Birmingham, England, that workmen are now engaged in pulling up the rails.



Mothers can now leave their children in care of the play-room attendant aboard the Canadian Pacific Steamer "Montlaurier" and enjoy the rest an ocean voyage should be.



Left to right—Leonard Grimmer, Clifford White, Gordon Salter, Joseph Murray, four boy winners of the competition held by the Young Farmers' Clubs of Great Britain, have been awarded a full summer's course at the agricultural schools of Alberta, by E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

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ARTLAND SPECIALS

THE FOLLOWING PRICES FOR CASH ONLY

BURN'S PURE LARD	5 lbs for	\$1.25
PURE JAM (Any Flavor)	4 lb pail for	1.05
ROLLED OATS	20 lbs for	.95
FELS NAPHTHA SOAP ...	10 bar carton for	.95
McDONALD'S TOBACCO	5 plugs for	.90
McDonald's CUT RIER Tobacco	1-2 lb tin for	.75
ORINOCO, OLD CHUM, or REPEATER		
Tobacco	1-2 tin for	.88
RICE, or WHITE BEANS	6 lbs for	.50
SUNLIGHT SOAP,	4 bar cartoon for	.25
LUX per package 12c: MACK'S NO RUB	5 for	.25

OUR NEW SPRING

Ginghams, Galateas, Prints

HAVE ARRIVED—AND REAL BARGAINS TOO.

SEE OUR NEW SPRING LINE OF

Boots & Shoes

BEFORE BUYING—IT WILL PAY YOU TO DO SO.

O. ROBINSON MERRITT

ARTLAND

SASKATCHEWAN

THINKS CHANGES IN BANK ACT WOULD IMPROVE SERVICE

Alberta Commissioner Says Bankers
and Farmers Should get Together
in Considering Problems

Edmonton.—In his long awaited report on the banking and credit system, Dr D. A. McGibbon, professor of economics in the University of Alberta, states that he found sufficient truth and reason in the many complaints received from farmers to warrant important changes in the Banking Act, but he disapproves of the provincial banking idea which many of the Alberta farmers are asking for. Among the suggestions for such improvements is the appointment of a credit commissioner to consider future complaints about credit. It is claimed, too, that a maximum interest rate of eight per cent, should be fixed by law.

Banks Should Educate

A great deal of dissatisfaction with the present methods was found during the investigation upon which the trouble has been due, thinks Dr McGibbon, to the failure of the bankers and the farmers to understand and appreciate each others' problems. This fact, he says has puzzled him considerably. In the absence of any large, well-conceived, public-spirited attempt by the bankers to candidly and publicly explain to the rank and file of their agricultural constituency the position and problems of the banks in this province, naive views as to the ease with which credit can be manufactured, are prevalent. Moreover, failing to come into contact in this direct and open way with the farmers' side of the problem, the bankers, I think, have failed to appreciate the farmers' position and their grievances. Most of these grievances, I believe could be resolved amicably by conference, explanation and discussion. The bankers have not taken, in my judgment, a long-sighted

view of the western situation or they would seek this viamedia.

"If the banks wish to preserve this clientele," says the report in summing it all up, "they will have to adjust their policies and practices to meet the needs of these (farmer) customers. To my mind the great problem at the coming revision of the Bank Act should be to revise the act so as to enable the banks to become a convenient and flexible agency for the dispensing of credit to the farming as to the mercantile and industrial of our economic life. A failure to achieve this purpose will undoubtedly lead to the establishment of competing institutions, government-owned or otherwise with this end in view. An agreement to enforce uniformity of practice in the matter of discounting smacks of monopoly. In the public interest where monopoly appears, so must regulation and control.

Rates of Discount

Considerable dissatisfaction also was found in different parts of the province with the discounting methods employed by the banks, and Dr McGibbon came to the conclusion that the privilege of discounting should be limited to rates below a legal maximum rate of eight per cent, this rate itself to be subject to review every five years.

The effect of the present system, it is stated, is to impose a higher rate of charges upon the clients of the bank, and "at the present time there is being imposed upon the farmers of Alberta practice that in the past has not been insisted upon and has always been repugnant to them." The contention of the bankers that discounting had always been recognized as a fair banking practice does not seem to Dr. McGibbon as well founded. He goes on to say:

"I consider that the farmers have a legitimate grievance in that the banks have used the Canadian Bankers' Association as a means of getting together and agreeing upon discounting

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SADIE'S DAY OF LEISURE

Sam looked up at the balcony as he neared the building. Just as he expected there was a faint blur of pink behind the screening, and when he opened the door with his latchkey Sadie rose from the rocker with the baby in her arms. She had waved her hair, and her frock was immaculate in its crisp cleanliness. His serge suit was hot, and he was keenly conscious of the city grime. Somehow it hardly seemed quite fair that he had to slave all day to pay the rent of the smart little fold-up flat, and never have time to enjoy it.

"Tired out?" she asked sympathetically and put the sleeping child in the wheeled basinette beside her. "I am so glad Nan fell asleep; now I shall be free to look after you. Sit down a minute and cool off," she retreated through the living room and her husband slumped down heavily into the large chair that was his.

"Pretty soft," he muttered softly, and did not even smile when he heard her quick light step and saw that she carried a tall glass of lemonade. The glass was frosted and the chink of crushed ice was refreshing to hear.

"There, drink that I fixed it for you before I sat down with Nan. When you are cooled off a bit come and wash your hands and I will have dinner on."

Apparently she failed to notice his gloomy silence and vanished into the kitchenette.

The dinner was exactly suited to the hot night and the napery was glossy with the light starch rinse and the careful ironing that good housekeepers insist on. Nothing tasted right, however, to Sam who pushed back his plate and stared at his wife as though wondering how she could so grossly eat her dinner. "What did you do today?" he demanded.

"Had a lovely afternoon. I took baby in her carriage and sat on that bench at Hollywood avenue by the lake. We stayed two hours."

"Humph!" he said, and lapsed into silence again.

Sadie bit her lip and devoted herself to her food. The pretty pink in her cheeks faded as she washed the dishes and a tear splashed down into the forthy lather. "I suppose he had some worry at the office," she thought loyally. "Why don't you go out on the balcony and read the paper? It's there ready for you."

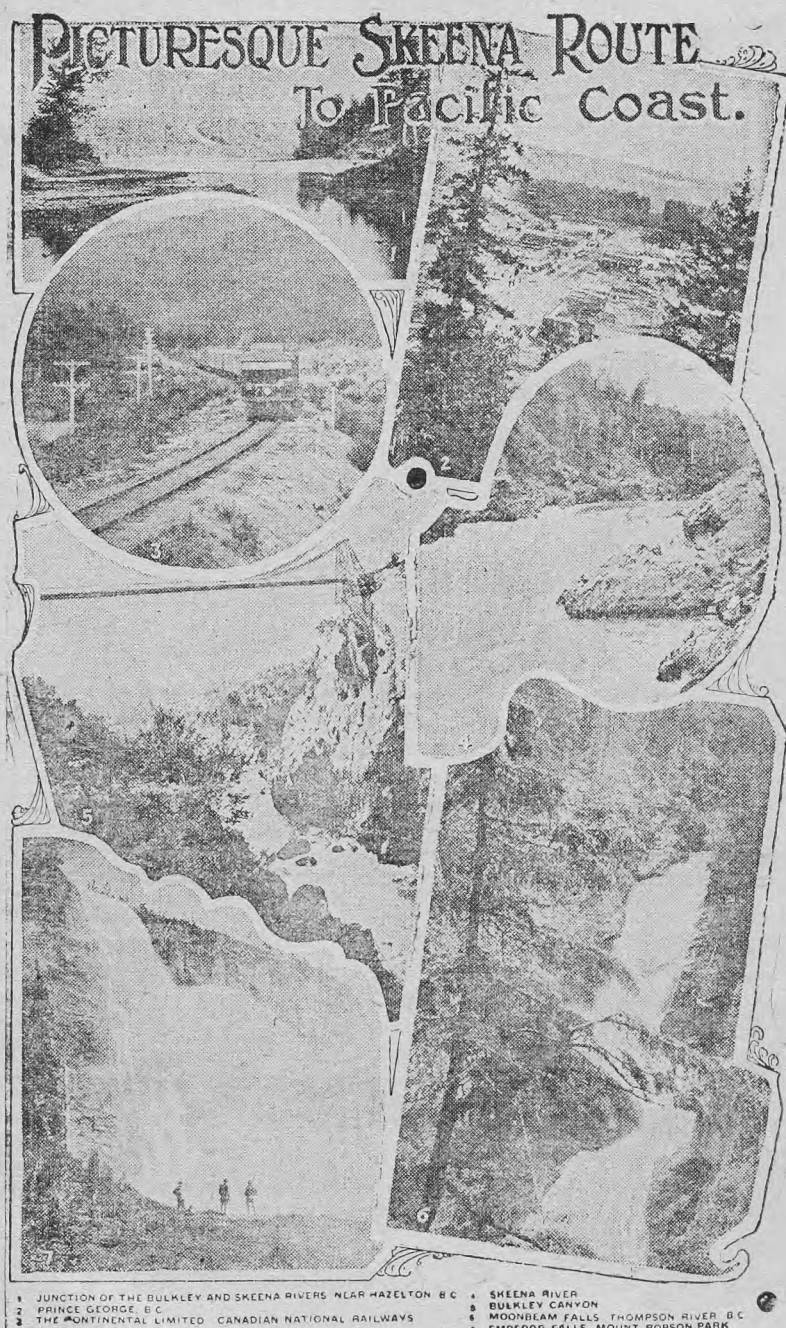
Perversely enough Sam did not go to the screened-in balcony; instead he wandered out on the back porch which was hot with the western sun.

"Gee, Woods, you have it soft," growled his neighbor, straightening up from the scrap pile where he had just deposited a newspaper wrapped bundle of refuse. "I'll bet dinner was all ready for you when you came in. I noticed your wife going in and out in her pretty pink dress, and I heard her crushing ice."

The demon of unrest that had so queerly bothered Sam leaped again within him, and this time the demon was a vivid green. "He seems quite observing of Sadie" he thought fealously. And why,?" he demanded, "wouldn't my dinner be ready?"

"Just the difference in the feminine mind," retorted the other wearily. "My wife thinks me a brute because I cannot take her out every night. I'm too tired to run about to summer gar-

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The changing panorama of mountains and valley along the Skeena and Bulkley rivers of Central British Columbia, holds the traveler's constant attention as areas of supreme scenic grandeur unfold themselves as the train skirts valleys and rivers, or winds around mountains, bringing to view quaint Indian villages, with Totem poles of the the tribes, or here

and there salmon canneries or mining towns. Interest alternates rapidly along this portion of the Canadian National Railways.

Bulkley Gate and Bulkley Canyon are features of great interest, whilst the Bulkley valley is characterized by its wealth of agricultural land comprising the fertile valley of Central British Columbia.

R.M. MANITOU LAKE COUNCIL MEETING

Meeting of the Manitou Lake Council held in the municipal Hall, Marsden on the 9th day of May, 1923.

Present were Reeve Chapman, Counrillors Plewman, Wells, Lawson, Smith, Mitchell and Bradley (All.)

The minutes of the last meeting were read and passed.

Chapman—That we allow Mrs. Bayes an amount of \$35.00 by way of loan for expenses to Quappelle and that the Secretary's action in this matter be approved. Carried.

Chapman—That Secretary write to the Dept. of Highwas asking that they allow us to remove, or else remove themselves that bridge east of section 22-44-27-3rd being at the "Narrows" as same is in a dangerous condition and that in place of the bridge there be allowed to be placed one 36 inch steel culvert. Carried.

It was moved that the Secretary write to Mr. Maloney, Commissioner of the S.P.P. asking for police protection, in addition to the usual policing of the area, along the line of construction of the Cutknife extension. Carried.

It was moved that the councillors be Fire Wardens for their respective divisions. Carried.

The following therefore were appointed as Fire Wardens: A. W. Plewman Div. 1; Albt. Wells, Div. 2; Garfield A. Lawson, Div. 3; Harvey Smith, Div. 4; D. Geo. Mitchell, Div. 5; William Bradley, Div. 6.

Mitchell—That A. E. Underwood do the survey work of the Municipality this year at the revised rates as per a letter dated May 1st 1923 providing that they start work not later than June 15th 1923. Carried.

Moved—That the Weed Inspectors be allowed \$5.00 per diem for not more than 25 days each. Carried.

It was moved that the Council spend that portion of the debenture money still unexpended. Carried.

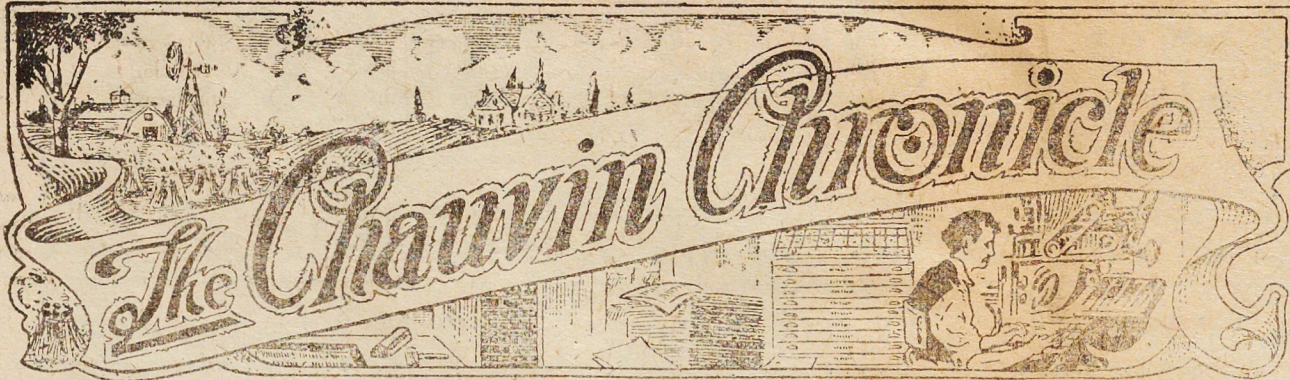
Chapman—That Div. 4 be allowed \$300.00 from unexpended Debenture monies. Carried.

Wells—That the disbursement of the balance of the unexpended Debenture monies be left until the June meeting. Carried.

It was moved that \$200.00 be allowed from General road funds for the strawing of the "Artland Roads" Carried.

Moved that Magnus Johnson be

(Continued on page six)



TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Transient Advertisements per inch, per issue .45
(Transient are those which appear 4 issues or less))

YEARLY CONTRACT

6 inches, or under per inch, per issue .35
Over 6 inches, under 12 inches per inch, per issue .30
Over 12 inches per inch, per issue .25
(No advertising under .25c per inch)

(Rates or shorter term contracts on application)

READING NOTICES

(Reading Notices for all events for which admission is charged will also cost 10c per line)
All Reading Notices per count line .10

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

25 Words or less per insertion .50
Over 25 Words per word, per insertion .02

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

1 inch or under per issue .40
Over 1 inch to 2 inches per issue .70

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Transient Rate of 45c per inch plus .20c extra on account of tabular composition

LEGAL ADVERTISING

First Insertion per line .12
Each Subsequent Insertion per line .08

ALL PLAY FAIR

Eastern newspapers are paying considerable attention to the experiments now being conducted in Ottawa and other eastern cities with Alberta coal. To those who have used this coal in the west with satisfactory results for many years, it is in no way surprising that the experiments are proving the merit of our coal. The Ottawa Citizen gives it high praise, saying that preliminary reports of tests made in the homes of that city disclose a verdict in favor of it. "Superior" to

both Welsh and Pennsylvania anthracite" are the words used. The Citizen goes on to say that allowing for the fact that these practical trials are being made under the most favorable conditions and that some of the consumers may be inclined to prejudge the merits of the Canadian products, it is that the coal from Drumheller will prove a suitable substitute for the imported anthracite which in the past Ottawa and other eastern cities have depended upon for their needs.

Having decided that the Alberta coal is suitable for use in Ontario

furnaces, the proposition comes back to the matter of transportation, which is the crux of the problem. When the delegation waited upon Sir Henry Thornton some time ago with a view to securing lower freight rates, the new head of the National Railways gave expression to some thoughts that might well be pondered by all concerned. "If we all play fair," he said "this problem (of the economical use of Alberta coal) can be worked out." He pointed out that the National Railways could not undertake to haul western fuel at rates that would result in loss to the railway; which is a reasonable hypothesis to lay down.

The displacement of American coal from the eastern Canadian market must come about by other than artificial means. Reducing railways to a point where loss would be involved in order to get the coal on the eastern markets at a price which could compete with the imported coal would be an artificial means of establishing it here. But reducing the rates to a point where the railway could move the coal profitably, and still keep the retail price at a competitive level would be legitimate and sound.

To do this, Sir Henry Thornton indicated, everybody must play fair. "We must be assured," the national director said, "that the colliery owners do not exact any excess profit. We must see that the distributing agents in Ontario also play fair." "The coal owners of Alberta must be prepared to tighten up their organization," the Ottawa Citizen adds "so that the coal can be produced economically and at the lowest possible price. The dealers in the east and the west must be prepared to play strictly fair with the consumers. If there is excess profit taking at any point, the public can make up its mind that the price of Alberta coal will not come down to such a level that it can sweep American coal from the

field. But if all play fair, if all put national above private interests the problem can be worked out."

EDGERTON ECHOES

The Edgerton Dramatic Club take this opportunity of thanking H. N. Freeman, L. D'Albertanson Sr. and Jr. for the help and assistance they gave to the club in getting everything arranged for the recent play. Only through their efforts would it have been possible.

A large number of Edgerites followed the Dramatic Club to Chauvin and helped to fill the hall.

P. S. Pawsey visited the Chronicle while in Chauvin and also enjoyed a short visit with Mr and Mrs. A. E. Keith

One of our worthy farmer citizens has the misfortune of forgetting everything. Remember the fourth commandment in part ular, old timer. It says six days shalt thou labor; but there is no mention of permission to work on the seventh day. We would suggest when you leave the bustle of the city to go on the quiet farm, to take a calendar with you and mark the days as they come and then you will not make the same mistake again.

Good advice if you don't.

If you are troubled with eye strain headaches, difficulty to read or sew in lamp light; consult

C. C. McKechnie,
Graduate Optician.

NOTES FROM THE NORTH EAST

The new townsite at Marsden has been located on the N.W. 35-44-27-w3rd. Something to be going on with anyway.

The next meeting of the Fram G. G. A. will take place on Saturday evening next, the 19th, when binder twine will be the order of things.

The 22nd. of June is the date previously set by the Fram G. G. A. for this years picnic. More later.

What made you break down, Harry, on that trip to Edgerton, and have to train it home? And the first journey of any length in the new car. Too bad.

Plowing and seeding oats now after the wheat is completed.

A genuine Auto Strop Razor including 3 blades and a strop for \$1.00 A Real Bargain—

The Chauvin Pharmacy

Roros U.F.A.

The Roros U.F.F.A. will hold their annual picnic on Wednesday June 20.

Enjoy Home Cooking When In Chauvin

For good meals, well cooked, you can do no better than try some of Mrs Lundberg's home cooking. Meals served at all hours. Moderate prices. At the little brick house on Main St, next to Montjoy's store.

Writing Pads On Sale

Writing Pads can now be obtained at the Chauvin Chronicle office. 25c each These are made up in Chauvin, and are equal value to those supplied by the mail order houses.

Aunt: "Engaged at your age?" Why, you can't get married for ten years yet."

Niece: "That's all right, we shan't be able to get a house till then."

Mrs. Houseby: "Fred says he admires me because I am the picture of health."

Miss Green: "Yes, the foolish fellow was always crazy for anything hand-painted!"

TWO REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS FOR SALE

TWO AND FIVE YEARS OLD

FAIRFAX BREEDING

PRICED TO SELL

INSPECTION INVITED

S. R. Swindell, Artland

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE:---A GOOD THRIFTY bunch of early Spring Pigs, 3 months old, G. Silk, Oxville, Alta.

FOR SALE:-- ONE No. 11, 20 run Massey Harris Shoe Drill, good as new Cheap. For full particulars apply at Office of Imperial Lumber Co., Chauvin, Alberta.

FOR SALE: PURE BRED & GRADE Berkshire pigs 5 weeks and younger. Kitchener seed wheat, cleaned. H. G. Folkins & Son, Chauvin 69p

FOR SALE: TURKEY CHICKS 35c each; first hatch May 26th. Plymouth Rock chicks. 12 for \$1. Mother hen can follow for 65c. Mrs. Windum, Chauvin P.O. 69p

STRAYED ONTO MY: PREMISES Bay Colt about 4 years old, appears to be branded M above W (indistinct) Owner will please call and get same and pay expenses Lt. Col. Rodden, 30-43-1-w4th Chauvin P.O.

LOST: BAY HORSE WHITE FACE, little lame on front feet, weight 1400 or 1500 lbs. branded on left shoulder with lazy B over half diamond. \$5 reward for information leading to recovery; \$10 reward for delivery of horse. Jeff Swan, 35-44-1 Chauvin Post Office.

WANTED TO PASTURE FOR THE summer: 100 head of Cattle or Horses at \$2.00 per head for the season. William Enders, 22-45-28-w3. Ridgeclough, Alberta 478p

WANTED TO PURCHASE: SEED Potatoes: Early Ohio; Northern Rose; or Early Six-weeks preferred. William Cargill, Chauvin

FOR SALE: PURE ABUNDANCE Seed Oats 50c per bushel. W. B. Gordon, Phone 1308 Oxville; Ridgeclough P.O.

FOR SALE: CLEANED SEED OATS 50c. per bushel; cleaned seed barley. 60c. per bushel. Irving Neil, Chauvin P.O. 466p

LOST: ONE DARK BAY MARE Colt, coming four years, little white on hind foot. branded on right jaw ward for recovery. T. Smith, Chauvin half circle over reverse S. \$5.00 re-

FOR SALE: (1 20-RUN SHOE DRILL nearly new. Also 1 5-horse all steel tandem hitch. A. Price, Chauvin.

FOR SALE OR RENT: A FARM IN town; N.E. ¼ 17-43-2-4. Apply L. F. Tuckwell, General Delivery, Calgary, Alberta.

FOR SALE: MAMMOTH PRONZE turkey eggs of 1st prize tom weighs 40 lbs. 35 cents each; also eggs of 2nd prize tom weighs 35 lbs. 25 cents each Mrs. A. S. MacSporran, Chauvin P.O. 26-43-2. 264p

FOR SALE: ONE BUNCH OF PIGS 6 weeks old, \$4.00 each; also one bunch of young pigs \$3.50 each. P. Manson, Chauvin P.O.; S½ 24-43-1.

FOR SALE: PASTURE QUARTER section, good water and shelter also some household effects. Mrs. Clara Carlein, Chauvin P.O.; Phone 902

Ship your Cream to SWIFTS and get MORE MONEY

WHY WE CAN PAY YOU MORE

We have eliminated all Middlemen—no agents, no travellers, no boosters. They used to cost us an average of 2c per pound butterfat. WE PAY YOU THIS EXTRA MONEY. Patronize the firm which is looking after your interests in the most practical way, and ship us your next can of cream.

SWIFT-CANADIAN CREAMERIES
Edmonton, Alberta

SUMMER EXCURSION FARES

PACIFIC COAST

THROUGH CANADIAN ROCKIES—A FEW DAYS AT JASPER PARK LODGE (OPEN JUNE 1 TO SEPT 30) IN JASPER NATIONAL PARK—MT. ROBSON PARK—MAGNIFICENT OCEAN VOYAGE BETWEEN VANCOUVER AND PRINCE RUPERT

ROUND TRIP TICKETS

On Sale Daily to Sept. 30.

Final Return Oct. 31

— ASK THE —
LOCAL AGENT FOR
FULL INFORMATION
AS TO FARES, RESERVATIONS, ETC.,
— OR WRITE —

EASTERN CANADA

ALL RAIL AND LAKE AND RAIL CHOICE OF ROUTES—SEE TORONTO—THE THOUSAND ISLANDS—QUAINT OLD QUEBEC—SAIL DOWN THE ST. LAWRENCE—THE MARITIME PROVINCES IN SUMMER

W. J. UQUINLAN, Dist. Pass. Agt
WINNIPEG, Man.

W. STAPLETON, Dist. Pass. Agt.
SASKATOON, Sask

J. MADILL, Dist. Pass. Agt
EDMONTON, Alta.

SUPERIOR SERVICE
COAST TO COAST

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

DIRECT LINE
FAST TIME

LOCAL NOTES

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Way arrived from Consecon, on Sunday evening, and are purposing making an extended stay in this district.

The Anglican service held in the Westminster church last Sunday morning was well attended. A service will be held at 11 a.m. next Sunday morning, to which a hearty invitation is extended to all to attend.

Mrs. J. MacDonald, of the Unity Courier, spent the week-end on a visit to Mrs. D'Albertanson, of the Chauvin Chronicle.

BORN: To Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Cyr Saturday, May 12th a son.

Advice like medicine is easier to give than to take.

Elsie Ferguson and David Powell in the Paramount Picture

"OUTCAST"

An outcast, Miss Ferguson struggles up from the depths, dragging a fallen man up with her. Because she loves him. Then, in their moment of triumph, he threatens to leave her for another woman's millions. Is she right in risking her all to hold him, in fighting her rival with all the weapons of a beautiful, desperate woman? Come and see!

The drama of a brave woman's soul touching the heights of emotion and the depths of despair.

The best dressed woman on the screen in the most appealing role she has ever had.

A man may be down but he's never out. Neither is a woman. Elsie Ferguson proves it in "Outcast."

**At Chauvin
Monday May 21st**

Admission: Adults 50c: Children 25c

A very general effort has been made by the citizens of Chauvin in cleaning up the premises and yards around town. Most of the premises are in very tidy condition. We understand that notices will be served upon delinquents in this matter, and they will be required to clean up or pay the town scavenger for doing so, and possibly to face legal action in the event of failure.

Everybody enjoyed the play presented by the Edgerton Dramatic Society in the I.O.O.F. Hall, last Friday evening. They hope that Edgerton will pay us another visit later on.

John Tamlag has returned from his trip and is commencing activities on his farm.

Seeding and spring work has continued without interruption through the past week. The weather has not been too hot. The soil is at present sufficiently moist.

A new member of the Gopher Poison family has this year sprang into existence—Liquid Gophercide—for a good many years Gophercide was put up only in powder form but quite a demand has been created for a liquid because it is so much handier, taking only a few minutes to prepare.

Liquid Gophercide has all the reliable killing qualities of its parent the powder and sells at the same price—\$1.00 for enough to poison one gallon of grain, and we have it in stock as well as the powder. We also have Kil-Em-Quick, known to all farmers and needs no introduction.

Eveready also well known as a sure getter and Strychnine the old reliable.

The Chauvin Pharmacy

Mr. A. E. Scott has taken a trip to his old location and returned with his car. He reports the roads in good shape for travelling, and crop conditions generally favorable.

Having made special arrangements Sakers will have for sale during the rhubarb etc. These products are including peas, beans, corn, lettuce, season all kinds of garden produce of good fresh vegetables daily at competitive prices.

Don't worry over getting your preserving fruit at the right time and the lowest prices. Place your order with Saker's and they will buy your fruit for you at just the right time and at the lowest price.

Your last chance to get good rhubarb roots at \$1.00 per dozen. Call at Saker's.

The state of North Dakota has now adopted the system of government cream grading which was inaugurated for the first time on the continent in Alberta last year.

For the summer months Chauvin will have a moving picture show once a week in the Oddfellow Hall. The proprietor of the Provost theatre is taking the road, and will show at both Edgerton and here. His pictures are good and clear, and if he gives as good a program as he did last week, he may be assured of a good measure of support.

The next meeting of the Edinglassie U.F.A. will be held Saturday, May 19th.

Preserving fruit season has commenced. Real marmalade Oranges, Pineapples and Strawberries at Sakers. Book your orders now and assure your own supply at lowest prices. Every case of fruit we sell we guarantee.

Two hundred settlers from the Hebride Islands arrived the past week at Red Deer, in which district they will take up farming.

A company for the development of products of potatoes, has been incorporated in Edmonton at \$50,000. The purpose is to manufacture by-products.

The Oddfellows Hall is receiving a coat of paint.

The heavy frost of last Sunday evening cut the wheat down to the ground. It is not expected that any serious damage will be inflicted by this delay to the crop.

Mr. and Mrs. Vionneau and family have left for Tisdale with a car load of effects.

The season is now on for shampoos—no sham to it, Talcum powders, Face powders, Vanishing Cream, Cold Creams, Masage Creams. We have a large stock, on hand, of the very best manufacturer's products and at their regular prices. We also have Hair Groom—the newly advertised powder to make the hair stay neatly combed.

The Chauvin Pharmacy.

Sir Henry Thornton, head of the Canadian National Railways, has announced a special freight of \$9.00 a ton on Alberta coal to Toronto, instead of the present rate of \$12.70, during the summer months. Operators in the province state that this is not sufficiently low enough to put Alberta coal on the Ontario market in competition with the American product. A rate of \$6.00 has been asked.

White beans have been grown with much success on the irrigated lands at Vauxhall, Alberta, and a large acreage is being put in this crop this year in that district.

"Who is the orator in the marketplace?"

"A candidate."

"And he's full of words, no doubt?"

"He's not so full just at present."

A heckler has asked him a question he can't answer."

Don't feel sorry for yourself; feel sorry for the folks that have to live with you.

"If you stand with your face to the north," said the teacher, "what is it that you have on your left hand?"

"Four fingers and a thumb," said the little innocent.

An old saying hath it, "Happy is the bride whom the sun shines on." But no bride's happiness is imperilled by a shower or two—if it be linen and expensive.

BIG STAMPEDE AT BATTLE RIVER

WED. MAY 30

See Posters

Summer Necessities

Marswells Oil Stoves

HANDSOME IN APPEARANCE

ECONOMICAL IN OPERATION

PLEASING IN DESIGN

Finished in Black, Grey and Blue

It has a Shelf at bottom which braces the legs making it solid

It has Short Burners bringing the flame nearer the top saving oil.

It has a Rock Weave Wick made of asbestos spun around brass wires

—SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY—

J. A. Montjoy

CHAUVIN

ALBERTA

Boots for the family

YOU ARE INVITED TO INSPECT OUR NEW STOCK OF SHOES

BABIES PATENT LEATHER SLIPPERS	1.00
BABIES PATENT LEATHER SLIPPERS, ELK SOLES	2.25
CHILDRENS PATENT LEATHER SLIPPERS, EIK SOLES	2.50
BABIES BROWN & BLACK LEATHER SHOES	1.65
CHILDRENS ELK BOOTS	2.65
GIRLS HEAVY SCHOOL BOOTS	2.75
GIRLS FINE BOOTS	3.35
WOMENS ONE STRAP HOUSE SHOES	2.50
WOMENS ONE STRAP SHOES, BLACK	3.50
WOMENS TWO STRAP PUMPS	5.25
WOMENS BLACK PATENT SHOES, TAN STRAPS	6.00
WOMENS HEAVY WEAR BLACK BOOTS, RUBBER HEELS ..	4.00
WOMENS BLACK KID BOOTS	4.50

WE HAVE ALSO IN STOCK SEVERAL LINES OF

MENS WORK & DRESS BOOTS

TENNIS SHOES &c

Chauvin Mercantile Ltd.

L. E. ROY, Manager

Chauvin, Alberta

Sugar Down Again!

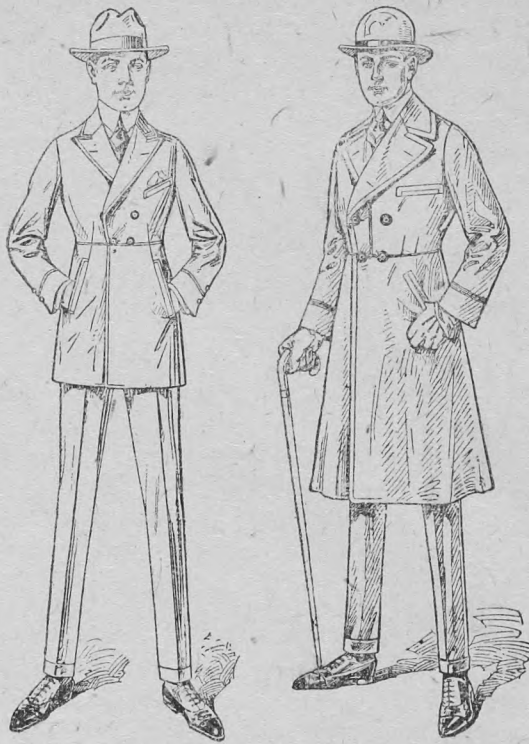
GROCERIES at Rock Bottom Price

YOUR MONEY GOES THE EXTREME LIMIT
AT SAKER'S

FRESH FRUITS VEGETABLES
—The Local Home of E.C.D. Ice Cream—

Saker's
Next Bank

Chauvin
Phone 31



The Smartly-Attired Man

is invariably particular about his overcoat. He wants it cut after a certain model that appeals to him; he wants it to fit properly; he wants a material that suits his taste and that will give him satisfactory service.



LAILEY-TRIMBLE, Limited
MASTER CLOTHES BUILDERS
TORONTO

have a thoroughly skilled organization who know how to make you the kind of overcoat you will be proud to wear.

Their range of new woollens is of the high quality that particular men insist on, in a fine assortment of weaves and colors.

Whether you need a new overcoat, a suit, or both, you will do well to pay us a visit and let us know what the foremost Canadian designers have produced for your approval.

C. G. FORRYAN, Chauvin

THINKS CHANGES IN BANK ACT WOULD IMPROVE THE SERVICE

(Continued from page three)

farmers' notes instead of allowing them to bear straight interest as had previously been the practice. This not only increases the rate but is a cause of much irritation to the farmers, who much prefer borrowing on a note bearing straight interest. I see no reason why the banks should not revert to their former practice and consult the wishes of their clients."

Would Lengthen Term

Too short borrowing periods formed another grievance of the farmers, which Prof. McGibbon found to have some justification. The banks date the notes to mature in July and August, whereas the farmers want them to cover the full period of their crop operations, that being the earliest time at which they are in position to settle.

"The essential elements of the case seem to be to provide a form of credit which will give the bank in the event of certain contingencies, the power to take those steps it now often deems necessary and does take upon the renewal of the note. Practically the

solution lies in extending the power of the bank to take security when it makes the loan initially. If the detail could be worked out amicably by representatives of the agricultural interests and of the banks it would do much to improve the relationships between them. This problem would have to be considered and solved by any system of banking, provincial or otherwise which might be devised to serve the needs of the farmers of the province."

Generous to Farmers

The complaint that the banks have not been sufficiently generous to the farmers in the way of giving credit is dismissed by Dr. McGibbon as unfounded. He discovered that at the close of 1921 the banks in Alberta were carrying over three times as large a sum as they did at the close of 1916, and in the light of this fact he considers that they have extended their assistance to the farmer on a much larger scale than has been commonly recognized and that the Canadian banking system has stood a strain that no provincial institution could have endured.

"It is inevitable," says the report "that there will be some individual cases of misjudgment and harshness. These, when discovered, are not to be condoned, but they grow out of the personal equation in directive, superintending, or managerial offices and cannot be eliminated in any system."

Credit inflation has been responsible for much of the present difficulty, it is held by Dr. McGibbon. Stock raising and beef production were particularly the cause of this inflation, and the banks were blameworthy along with other agencies that moved too actively during the boom years. The investigator says in his report on this phase of the situation.

"I think one reason why the province was over-loaned some years ago connects itself with the way banks

conduct their business. Their eyes seem to have been fixed absolutely upon the individual loan, as it came before them for scrutiny and the promise it afforded of profit. There seems to have been no limit placed upon the amounting aggregate of loans at the various branches. The bank superintendents do not seem to have made any financial survey of the districts in which their branches are located with a view to determining adequate normal credit requirements beyond which the danger line of over-lending would be passed for that district. The result was a general credit inflation entailing peculiar hardship when its basis, an unstable post-war market for farm products, collapsed."

Against Provincial Bank.

Prof. McGibbon does not think that the rural credit societies will grow rapidly in Alberta, though he regards them as a valuable auxiliary to the credit facilities of the province. The formation of such societies under conditions of extensive rather than intensive agriculture is a difficult matter. Much larger units of area being necessary and there is a lack of solidarity among the Western farmers that would make such a system a success. The personal supervision of government inspectors, which is an integral part of the rural credit system is regarded, however, as beneficial.

Dealing with the inadvisability of creating provincial banks, the report quotes figures from five Calgary bank superintendents showing that the approximate percentage and saving bank deposits of farmers to the total of such accounts at rural branch banks in Alberta is fifty-two per cent, and is only twenty-four per cent, of such savings at all branches of the banks in the province.

to handle business in times of local depression.

Prof. McGibbon concludes on this point as follows: "Apart from legal difficulties in the way, I cannot see in the establishment of a provincial bank a sure and practicable solution at the present time to the credit difficulties that beset the farmers of the province"

There is a gap in the present credit structure of the province, thinks Dr. McGibbon. "It exists between the credit facilities offered by the chartered banks and the long-term credit provided by the mortgage loan companies. In the case of breaking new lands, farmers feel they could count on repaying the loan from the proceeds of the new crops within at least three years. The period is too short for a mortgage loan and too long for a bank loan. Neither a mortgage loan nor a bank credit quite fills the bill. Even greater difficulties occur in suing bank loans for a venture in livestock production."

A credit commissioner, clothed with power similar to those given to the traffic commissioner dealing with the railways, is suggested in the report "The duties of the credit commissioner should be to go and investigate specific complaints laid before him by farmers and others touching credits

A very large percentage of the current complaints might be adjusted in this way with profit not only to the farmers and to the banks but to the report each year for submission to the public at large. He should prepare a legislature.

R. M. MANITOU LAKE COUNCIL MEETING

paid \$35.00 for the use of his house (Continued from page Three)

by Mrs. Clark. Carried. Moved that this council pay the 1921 bill of Mrs. Dingman in the Unity Hospital. Carried.

The following bills were passed for payment:

Mrs. S. Graham, (hospital)	4.50
E. J. Foley, (hospital)	38.00
Lashburn Hospital	63.00
M. Mattson (hospital)	18.00
J. A. Montjoy, (casket)	75.00
Stat. Supp. Comm. (stat)	10.00
Battleford Press (fin. stats)	25.45
Jolly's (Vaccine)	34.88
London C. Mach. Co., (Mach.)	37.76
Roads 4 H. Micheal	10.00
Geo. Masson	3.00
Roads 6 A. W. Praefke	12.00

Moved to adjourn. Carried.

Moved that the next meeting be held one week earlier, on the 6th day of June 1923. Carried.

The meeting adjourned at 6 p.m.

COURT OF REVISION OF ASSESSMENT

The Council sitting during the meeting of May 9th 1923 as a Court of Revision of Assessment disposed of assessment appeals as follows:

S½ 1-41-25-3rd, J. C. Long reduced to \$4000.00.
E½ 3-45-26-3rd, R. M. Graham, reduced to \$4000.00.
W½ 14-43-28-3rd, S. H. Pring, reduced to \$2000.00.
N.E. 34-46-26-3rd, H. L. L. Lawrence reduced to \$1200.00.
N.W. 31-44-26-3rd and N½ 36-44-27-3rd, P. M. Chapman, 6 acres taken from each quarter. Assessment to remain.
The following appeals were not granted:
Credit Foncier, S.W. 16-46-25-3rd
B. F. Garner S.W. 27-44-26-3rd.
C. S. Newport All 5-45-26-3rd
E. R. Bladden W½ 9-45-26-3rd.
R. E. Watson, W½ 5-44-27-3rd.
Albt. McCormack W½ 29-44-27-3rd
John McCauley N.E. 32-44-27-3rd.
J. Sharp S.W. 2-45-27-3rd.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Near Ribstone, Alberta

PURSUANT to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at Reynold's Livery Barn in the Village of Chauvin, in the Province of Alberta, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of MAY 1923, at the hour of 2.00 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:—

The North East quarter of Section Sixteen (16) in Township (43) Range Two (2) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty-one (161) acres more or less, reserving thereout mines and minerals and subject to the reservations contained in the existing Certificate of Title for the said land and original grant from the Crown.

Terms of sale to be twenty per cent cash at time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year.

This land was formerly advertised for sale to take place on the 10th day of February 1923, at Chauvin, Alberta FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS and conditions of sale apply to Griesbach O'Connor & Company, Solicitors, 10072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

DATED at Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, this 18th day of April A. D. 1923.

GRIESEBACH, O'CONNOR & COMPANY
Vendor's Solicitors,

Approved:
A. T. KINNAIRD, Dep. Registrar

CHURCH NOTICES

RIBSTONE FIELD

SUNDAYS, MAY 13th & 27th
1 a.m., Green Glade
3 p.m., Sulphur Springs
7.30 p.m., La Pearl
SUNDAYS, MAY 6th & 20th
11 a.m., Bloomington Valley
3 p.m., Prospect Valley
7.30 p.m., Ribstone
All cordially Welcomed
Preacher .. Rev. William Mitchelson

EGLISE DU SACRE COEUR CHAUVIN

Basse Masse 8.30 a.m.
Grande Masse 10.30 a.m.
Rev. Pere Huet Curate

CHAUVIN FIELD

SUNDAYS, MAY 6th & 20th
11 a.m., Chauvin Sunday School
11 a.m., Prosperity
3 p.m., Airlie
7.30 p.m., Chauvin
SUNDAYS, MAY 13th & 27th
11 a.m., Chauvin Sunday School
3 p.m., Killarney
7.30 p.m., Chauvin

L D S SERVICES RIBSTONE SUNDAY

Sunday School 1 p.m.
Preaching Service 2 p.m.
WEDNESDAY
Social Service 7.30 p.m.

Most delicious bread is made by J. P. Fisher Chauvin. If you have not already sampled this bread you are invited to do so. It does not pay to bake your own when you can buy this bread so cheaply.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. A. Mackenzie LL.B. L. C. Cox Ph.D
MAC KENZIE & COX
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
Post Office Building
CHAUVIN

SMITH & FLEMING
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS
NOTARIES PUBLIC
Phone 62
Probates Administrations
UNITY SASKATCHEWAN

Dr. R. L. St JEAN, M.V.
VETERINARY SURGEON
(Graduate, Laval University)
Specialty:—Castrations Upstanding
First Avenue West
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

DR. H. G. FOLKINS
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Consultation hours: 1 to 4 p.m.
Office: At the Drugist Store
MAIN STREET
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

H. V. Fieldhouse, K.C.
H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K.C.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS
NOTARIES
Offices: Chauvin, Irma & Wainwright
Chauvin Office: Tom H. Saul Building

OUR LITTLE ADS DO BIG WORK

Oliver Gang Plows

—We still have a few Oliver Gang Plows on hand—
Our Price on these Plows is Reasonable—and the
PLOW IS THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY

Drills of all kinds

—We can supply you at Short Notice with a Drill—
—either Single Disk, Double Disk, or Shoe—

Duckfoot Cultivators

—Our Duckfoot Cultivators are giving Universal—
—Satisfaction—Come in and look them over—

Auto Accessories

—Now dont forget that we are carrying the most—
COMPLETE STOCK OF AUTO ACCESSORIES
in town, and OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

YOURS FOR SERVICE

J. A. CODE,

Chauvin

C. P. R. Lands

Farm Lands

Hudsons Bay Lands

FOR PRICES AND TERMS SEE

TOM H. SAUL, Chauvin

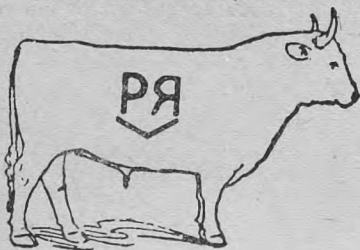
Notary Public

Insurance

Loans

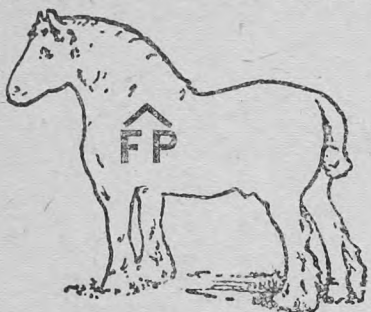
Conveyancing

CATTLE BRANDED



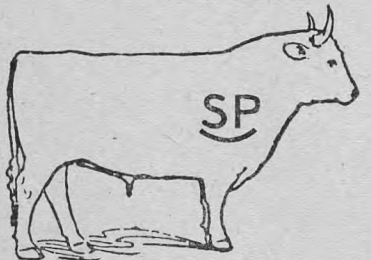
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HORSES AND CATTLE BRANDED

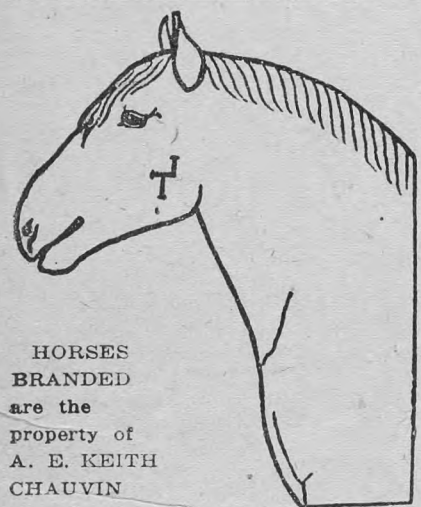


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CATTLE BRANDED

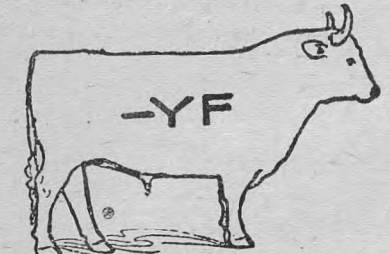


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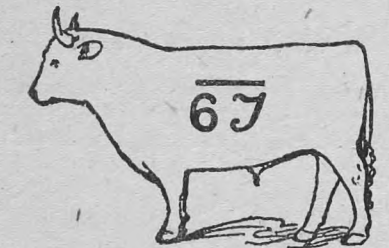
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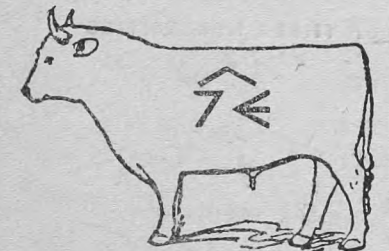
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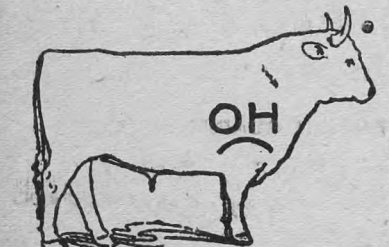
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SADIE'S DAY
OF LEISURE

(Continued from page three)

dens after I've worked all day. The breakfast dishes were still in the sink when I got in, and dinner isn't ready yet. Costs me a dollar to have the baby taken care of every time we go out for the evening, and between the cost of the entertainment and the dollar for the kid, once a week is all that I can stand."

"But why don't you go over to the lake and wheel the carriage?" Sam was still turning over the matter of dinner and breakfast dishes as he spoke.

"Not gay enough; plebeian to push a baby carriage; too tired to walk—what do I get out of marriage?" asked the neighbor bitterly, absently waving the dingy cover of the garbage can. "I'd rather do anything than argue with a woman. I do wish though," he added drearily, "that she would keep the baby out in the air. She keeps the crib in the house, and although we live within two blocks of the lake, she never wheels her baby over there—"

"Ned I feel faint. Will you take the baby?" came the weary tones of the very stout wife. We can have a bite to eat later, when the heat isn't so stifling. How I hate to live in a cooped-up flat."

The neighbor man hurried inside. Sam went in also.

The next morning, Sam was really ill, to ill to go to work, so his wife telephoned the office, and served him a dainty breakfast. "I'm glad this is Tuesday because otherwise I'd have to be down in the basement most of the day," she told him, as she handed him the morning paper.

"Then you've got your work done for the week," he remarked

"Well"—a smile crept over her face as she thought how cross a man could be with a slight cold; really he looked like an overgrown child, with his white face—"I would hardly say for the week, but I'm glad the washing is done. Baby's fine things I rub out upstairs during the week." The ice-man rang and she vanished.

"Ready for me now," he said when after an interminable wait, she had finished the dishes.

"I have to clean now, pretty soon" she smiled, her face wet with perspiration.

The hours dragged on. She bathed Nan and put her to sleep, answered the back door six times and went down for the mail, lent her fat neighbor some clean towels and stirred up a cake for dinner. Then she made salad dressing, peeled the potatoes and vegetables for dinner, scrubbed out the icebox and finally asked Sam what he would like for luncheon.

"You've been pretty noisy. I can not sleep. Guess I'll dress. Why don't you wear your pink dress as usual." He looked at her neat but rather faded house apron.

"Why Sam, I never put that on until everything is finished. I'm late today, and—"

"We'll go over to the lake, where you spend so much time."

"I thought if you felt better perhaps you'd like to wheel Nan over and I'll stay and do the ironing."

"Surely you're through now. You could have left those fool things you did all morning," he grumbled.

She laughed. "No, I would get in a muddle if I didn't have some system. See," she pointed to a neat card by her dressing table. "I have a certain hour for everything through the week but sometimes Nan is restless and cuts into my time, but as a rule I stick to it. Then when you get home everything is done, I must tackle my ironing. I have some extras this week."

"There—" she broke off as the back door rang, smiling delightedly. "there is my surprise for you. Had you forgotten that tomorrow is your birthday?" Without waiting for his answer she flew out and returned with a box. "It's a shame for me to wash frocks when you feel the heat so," she explained, "and I got the greatest bargain." She held up a thin, white suit.

"Why Sadie, you must have used up the dimes you have been hoarding so long," he cried looking at the suit he had wanted so long.

"Couldn't put them to a better use, and the best of it is I can do it up so you won't have to be saving of it. We have such splendid hot water here."

Sam took her in his arms. "Perhaps I can blame my cold, but I've certainly acted the fool," he said thickly. "I knew last night that you were too good to me, but I didn't know then how you spent your days that I fancied were hours of dressed up leisure. Won't you leave the ironing?"

wrong" she said thoughtfully. "I will hurry and perhaps skimp it, through," she smiled as he held up the work box he had found in Nan's carriage.

"Fine place for that," he cried joyfully, "Is that in your schedule?" He was delighted at being able to find a flaw in her protection.

"Yes," she said serenely, "I do all the mending afternoons while I have Nan at the lake."

"If I use my time and head as well as you do," he said honestly, "we'll be living in a home of our own soon. Sadie your a wonder!"

And his wife hid her smile in the baby's pink face as she picked her up. "Guess he's feeling alright again," she thought amusingly. But he was contrasting her satisfaction at having hot water with the woman across the hall.

RE-CONSTRUCTION

When the good rain falling steady On the shingle roof is drumming, And the drill-marks line the fields with living green, We can feel the thrill already Of the good time that is coming, And the cows right now are milking solid cream.

It is true the stable's leaky, And the barnyard's like an ocean, But we're going to fix them dandy, bye and bye; And the little pigs are cheeky, Though I haven't got a notion How we're going to keep the little beggars dry.

And the roof has been neglected In the "wee hous" lying rearwards, (But we musn't let our muse begin to roam). We are not a bit dejected For the weather tells in clear words, That we'll pay the bank, and raise—"another loan."

All the optimists are truthful, (Ain't it good to read the paper?) For we're working hard and hopefully again.

Yes, the earth is kind and fruitful And we love to live and labor, BUT THERE AIN'T NO RE-CON-STRUCTOR LIKE THE RAIN G. D. M.—Edgerton

To teach a child to read, and not what to read, is to put a dangerous weapon into his hand.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
OF FIRST MEETING WHERE
ASSIGNMENT MADE

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

In the estate of John A. Levitt authorized assignor, of the district of Killarney Lake in the Province of Alberta, occupation farmer.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Levitt of Killarney Lake, did on the 10th day of May 1923 make an authorized assignment to the undersigned.

Notice is further given that the first meeting of creditors in the above estate will be held at my office in Chauvin on the 28th day of May 1923, at 5.30 p.m.,

To entitle you to vote thereat proof of your claim must be lodged with me before the meeting is held.

Proxies to be used at the meeting must be lodged with me prior thereto. And further take notice that if you have any claim against the debtor for which you are entitled to rank, proof of such claim must be filed with me within thirty days from the late of this notice, for from and after the expiration of the time fixed by sub-section 8 of section 37 of the said Act, I shall distribute the proceeds of the debtor's estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which I have then notice.

Dated at Chauvin, this 11th day of May 1923.

T. H. SAUL,
Authorized Trustee

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FOR ALL PURPOSES



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GOOD CONCRETE GRAVEL:
\$1.50 per yard at ptt. \$3.00 delivered

Wm. CAHILL
CHAUVIN ALBERTA

BARN
PRICES

TEAM HAY .. each feed	.40
" HAY (overnight) 2 feeds	1.00
" STALL25
" STALL (overnight) ..	.75
" OATS20
SINGLE OATS10
" HAY25
" STALL15

DANCE

TEAM HAY50
SINGLE HAY25
TEAM STALL35
SINGLE STALL20

TELEPHONE: BARN No. 9
Residence, No. 29

A. E. KEITH
Chauvin Alberta

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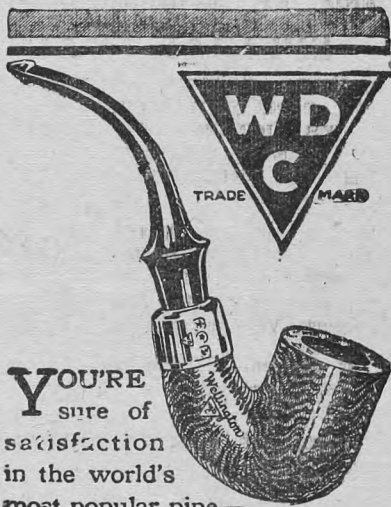
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Guaranteed Pure,

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and Cool

A. AUCLAIR

Knox Ladies Aid

The Ladies Aid of the Knox Presbyterian Church, Ribstone propose holding a social evening and Bean Supper on Tuesday evening May 22nd. at 8 o'clock. A program of Music, Songs, Recitations and Contests will be given. Admission, adults 25 cents Children 10 cents. Everybody come and bring someone else.

W. L. A. NOTES

The Westminster Ladies Auxiliary are holding a sale of Home Cooking and an Afternoon Tea on Saturday afternoon, May 26th in the basement of the Westminster church.

Donations of cakes, pies or other good things to eat will be very gratefully accepted.

Second Annual PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR

— TO THE —
PACIFIC COAST
THROUGH CANADIAN ROCKIES

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES OF SEEING WESTERN CANADA AND THE PACIFIC COAST UNDER MOST FAVORABLE CONDITIONS AND AT MINIMUM EXPENSE

SPECIAL TRAIN

LEAVES EDMONTON JULY 7TH VIA CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS. JOINING WITH SS. "PRINCE RUPEAT" FROM PHINCE RUPERT JULY 9TH.

Stops made at Watrous, Saskatoon, Wainwright, Edmontin, Jasper National Park, Mt. Robson, Prince George, Ktawanga, Terrace, Prince Rupert, Vancouver.

If desired, Victoria may be made destination of ticket.

CHOICE OF ROUTES RETURNING

Apply Local Agent for further particulars or write—

J. MADILL, Dist. Pass. Agent, Edmonton

**Canadian National
Railways**

DEDICATION OF CHURCH BELL

Thursday May 24th will be a red letter day in the history of the Sacred Heart Church Chauvin. This day being the occasion of the dedication of the new bell. High Mass will be celebrated at 10.30 a.m., with a sermon by R. P. Le Page. Archbishop O'Leary will also address the congregation in French and English.

Immediately following mass the dedication ceremony will be celebrated. Visiting dignitaries of the church expected to be present include Archbishop O'Leary, R.P.s MacGuigan, Cochet, Lemaire and others. A banquet will be served at 1.00 p.m., at which the above named together with the godfathers and godmothers of the bell will be the guests of honor.

RHUBARB CULTURE

Rhubarb: The popular pie plant is cultivator for its leaf stalks which are used in many different ways, providing a cool and refreshing dessert in warm weather, a filling for pies, makes a good jam and an excellent wine. It is easy of culture and should have a place in every garden. It likes a deep rich soil, plenty of moisture and a shady situation.

Plants can be raised from seed but as they seldom come true to the variety from which the seed was taken, they are generally propagated by root division.

To get real good results dig a trench 18 inches deep and 24 inches wide and fill it with well rotted manure and soil equal parts thoroughly mixed. Plant strong single crowns 3 ft. apart, keeping the crown about 2 in. below the surface of the ground.

After planting give a good soaking with water. Frequent waterings with liquid manure are very beneficial.

None of the leaf stalks should be cut the first year, but afterwards if a good mulch of manure be applied every fall, good crops may be pulled for several years.

(Continued from front page)

The Administration of Justice The first, and most important function of a provincial government, is the maintenance of justice i.e. maintaining the security of life and property, within the boundaries of the provinces. It involves a costly legal machinery to secure the rights of individuals, including expenditure on law courts, police, prisons and many other factors concerned with the maintenance of law and order. The cost of Administration of Jus-

tice, increases as the humanitarian ideas of the state advance. For example, there came into being in this province in 1919 a "Mothers' Allowance Act" which adds another quarter of a million dollars to the cost of administering justice. Up until 1916 the cost of policing this province cost about 75,000 dollars. Today the provincial police, which was started by the late government in 1917, costs the taxpayers of Alberta half a million dollars. But in spite of these enormous increases, the present government has been able to conform to the wishes of the ex-provincial treasurer, in regard to the curtailment of expenditures in respect of this department. I find that the estimated expenditures for administration of justice for 1923 is approximately the same as it was in the year 1920. However it is interesting to note in passing that the cost of Administration of Justice, in the favourite year referred to by the ex-provincial treasurer, namely, 1920, increased approximately three quarters of a million dollars over the previous year of 1919.

Another important factor in connection with the Administration of Justice is the fact, that people will pay their fines much more readily in years of prosperity, but in a year of adversity, often prefer and sometimes even welcome, a term in jail. In 1921 there was collected about one quarter of a million dollars on fines under Provincial and Dominion Statutes. Last year the revenue from this source, dropped 30,000 dollars short of the amount collected in 1921. The significant fact about this situation is not only the decrease in revenue, but the increase cost to the taxpayer for keeping more people in jail, who must be provided with food, clothing and attendants at the expense of the state.

Public Health Problem

Another duty of a government is the relief of the poor. This problem has been under public control in Great Britain since the Poor Law Act was first passed in 1601. In times of prosperity, the problem of the indigent in the Province of Alberta, is not a serious one. However, the people of Western Canada, are, like their governments, noted as liberal spenders of money when they have money to spend. However, like their liberal government they often fail to provide themselves with a reserve fund to be used in time of distress and adversity. Thus the question of relief, and the care of the indigent, is a very sore problem, for a government that has no reserve fund with which to meet such contingencies. These demands come heaviest when it is most difficult to raise revenue. For example the estimated expenditure under the Public Health Department for the year 1923 is three times what it was in 1920. Yet the neglect to care for the indigent, the helpless, the orphaned, and the insane, would be both a public scandal and a social danger. (To be Continued Next Week.)

WHEAT IS THE BEST NURSE CROP

A question arising with those who are sowing grasses and clovers for the first time is what is the best nurse crop with which to sow them. Some experimental work along this line has been done at Brandon Experimental Farm and the results have shown that of the commonly grown grains, i.e., wheat, oats and barley, wheat is the most satisfactory nurse crop. This result has been obtained several times in both dry and moderately wet years, so it is now safe to recommend seeding down with wheat as the best policy in Manitoba. Flax is also a good nurse crop, but is so little grown as not to be of material consideration.

The advantage of wheat over oats and barley is probably due to two or three reasons. The chief is perhaps the fact that wheat is less leafy in its growth than the other crops. This is especially true of Marquis, now so widely grown, which is a particularly bare-stemmed plant. This characteristic allows the light to penetrate through the ground and gives the grass a better chance than where it is more completely shaded.

Then wheat, Marquis in particular, is less subject to lodging than oats or barley. There is nothing more liable to smother out grass and clover than a lodged nurse crop.

Wheat, too is usually sown earlier than oats or barley. This is advantageous to the grass and clover. There is more moisture near the surface of the soil early in the season than later when wind and warmer weather have

dried the top soil.

For these reasons, and from the results of observation and experiment, wheat is recommended to the Manitoba farmer to use as a nurse crop when he sows grasses and clovers.

Here and There

Each acre of corn grown in Ohio costs on an average 46.26 hours of labor.

Canada is now second on the list as an exporting land, the per capita being \$100.63 per annum.

A new station is being built by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Fredericton at a cost of \$50,000.

Half a million Canadians look to the forests each day for their meals and lodging, and more than 100,000 Canadian workmen are engaged in converting forest products into one form or another.

The large party of Hebrideans who were brought to Canada on the Canadian Pacific Steamships "Metagama" and "Marloch" have gone to Red Deer, Alta., where they will form an agricultural colony.

Seven hundred farmers and farm laborers arrived in Canada recently on the Canadian Pacific steamer "Montcalm." These colonists are proceeding to Ontario and western points where they will take up farm work.

The project of a ship canal across Scotland from the Clyde to the Firth of Forth was brought to the fore again at a recent meeting of the Mid-Scotland Ship Canal Association, and there is a possibility of something being started in this connection in the near future.

A single pair of potato bugs would, without check, increase to 60,000,000 in one season; the hop aphid, developing thirteen generations in a single year would, if unchecked to the end of the twelfth generation, have multiplied to ten sextillions.

Canadian air pilots flew 294,449 miles carrying 9,153 passengers and 77,850 pounds of freight in 1922, according to a report of the Canadian Air Board. Saskatchewan pilots led in the Dominion, carrying 3,622 passengers. Manitoba pilots carried 1,622 people, and British Columbia pilots 1,122.

We have a poor quality of faith if we cannot market it, if it is of no use to any one but ourselves.

Here and There

Seeding in Alberta was two weeks later this year than last.

A second party of Swiss immigrants recently arrived at St. John aboard the Melita and are en route for the West, where they will engage in agriculture.

Twenty-two thousand immigrants to Canada from the United States were inspected on trains and highway crossings at the 33 points from Port Arthur to Kingsgate, B.C., during March of this year.

To date the port of Vancouver has shipped or booked 17,000,000 bushels of wheat to the Orient and South America. The railroads expect at least 2,500,000 additional bushels to be shipped this way in the near future.

The memory of the early missionaries of the Oblate Order will be perpetuated by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and several stations on the extensions of their lines between Kipawa and Quinze will bear names of early members of that organization which did so much for the colonization of the country.

There are thirteen new paper making machines being installed in Canadian paper mills this year. When erected and running full these machines will consume more than 350,000 additional cords of wood a year. Canada is already annually consuming and exporting more than 5,000,000 cords of pulpwood, representing the growth of a century or more on 1,250,000 acres of land.

A new service for motor tourists desiring to pass between the mainland and Vancouver Island has been inaugurated between Bellingham and Victoria. The Motor Princess, with a capacity for fifty automobiles and 250 passengers, plies twice daily between the ports. This boat is motor driven and the first of its kind to be operated on the Pacific side of the continent.

In 1922 Canada produced 2,418 tons of salt cake, valued at \$54,804, and 1,329 tons of Glauber salts valued at \$42,719, according to government figures. There are a number of immense deposits of Glauber salts in the province of Saskatchewan, which are at the present time only in the initial stages of development, but it is anticipated that the next few years will see a considerable increase in production.

Why is it wrong for a boy to be given his father's old clothes? Because he acquires loose habits.

Lloydminsters Bull Show & Sale

EXHIBITION GROUNDS LLOYDMINSTER

June 1st 1923

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**HOES, RAKES and SPADES
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I HAVE A NICE RANGE OF COLORS ON HAND, ALSO

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THE OLD RELIABLE WALL FINISH

FOUR POINT BARBED WIRE

A QUANTITY OF FOUR POINT BARBED WIRE STILL ON HAND, WHICH WE WILL SELL WHILE IT LASTS AT THE OLD PRICE. PER ROLL **\$4.80**

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